

SICK POLICY

In order to minimize the impact to our school family, we have to be especially aware and proactive. Although it may not eliminate all cases, in order to decrease exposure, we must be cognizant of any new symptoms that may present in our children and families. In order to best care for each other, **if your child is being tested for the flu, strep throat, COVID, RSV, or any other illness, they must remain at home until you receive and present negative results and symptoms have cleared.**

Our sick policy serves as the basis to our guidelines and will be modified as needed.

Anyone experiencing symptoms of a cold, the flu, strep throat, COVID, RSV, or any other illness should stay home to rest, recover, and help prevent the spread of virus and disease. If a fever is present, symptoms must have resolved for 24 hours without the need for medication before returning to school. The symptoms include, but may not be limited to:

- fever
- coughing
- sneezing
- runny nose
- congestion
- headache
- sore throat
- fatigue
- nausea
- diarrhea
- vomiting
- loss of taste or smell

1.

If your child experiences a fever (temperature 100 degrees or above) and/or any of the following symptoms:

- vomiting
- diarrhea
- persistent cough, sore throat or swollen glands
- irritated eyes or rashes
- pain (earache, stomachache, headache or body aches)
- unusually tired, irritable, pale, confused or lack of appetite

They must remain home from school until symptoms have resolved for 24 hours without the need for medication.

2.

Please use parental judgement if your child is experiencing a runny nose or other mild symptoms. Children too ill to participate in regular school activities should remain home. If you have any questions or concerns please contact your child's doctor before sending them to school.

Children may return to when symptoms have resolved for 24 hours without the need for medication.

Please keep your child home if they are contagious or you are concerned they may be contagious. Children with chicken pox are contagious until all blisters have scabbed over, typically in 10-14 days.

3.

A child who has undergone a medical procedure requiring general anesthesia should stay home until instructed it is safe to return by their doctor.

After an extended illness, a doctor's note may be requested to confirm your child is ready to return to school and participate in all activities.

Please notify the teacher if your child will be absent for more than one week or has a contagious illness. It is not necessary to call the school if your child will miss only one session, but it is encouraged and appreciated.

PREVENTION TIPS TO REINFORCE TO YOUR CHILDREN:

- Wash your hands with soap and water or use hand sanitizers..
- If you're not wearing a mask, cover your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze and throw it away OR sneeze and cough in the inside of your elbow.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth to prevent germs from spreading.
- When possible, avoid contact with sick people.